Name			

Date _____



Ancient Greece

Read each question and circle the correct answer.

- 1. Which of the following is a true statement?
 - A. Greek city-states were originally formed for religious reasons.
 - B. Greek city-states were surrounded by walls and originally built for protection.
- Early Greece was a unified country with one currency, one army and one king.
- D. By the Bronze Age, there were no more Greek city-states.
- **2.** The Athenians were known for _____.
 - A. their physical fitness
 - B. their strong military

- C. their vibrant art and culture
- D. not writing very much
- **3.** Socrates taught his students by _____.
 - A. asking a lot of questions
 - B. teaching each student one-on-one
- C. giving long lectures
- D. giving lots of tests
- **4.** In the early democracy of Athens, citizens were _____.
 - A. unable to establish a government
 - B. governed by a few rich noblemen
- C. unable to vote
- D. expected to participate in their government
- **5.** Who was Plato's most famous student?
 - A. Virgil
 - B. Alexander the Great

- C. Socrates
- D. Aristotle

6. <i>Tł</i>	e Odyssey is a Greek epic because it is	_ ·	
	still taught today a short novel about an important battle and its victors		a long poem about a great hero and his travels a religious text about a god
7. Th	e Parthenon was		
A. B.	a large statue of Apollo in Sparta a famous temple dedicated to Athena		a school founded by Plato in Athens the hill on which each city-state was built
8. W	nich of the following is a false statement?		
	Alexander the Great was Aristotle's student. Alexander the Great conquered Persia and Phoenicia.		Alexander the Great wrote <i>The Republic</i> , a book about the best form of government. Alexander the Great spread Greek culture throughout his empire.
9. M	ount Olympus was		
	the mountain the Greeks climbed in the first Olympic Games the name of Plato's famous academy		the only city-state with permanent soldiers believed to be where the Greek gods lived
10. W	hat was an agora?		
	the marketplace where residents could shop, trade and gossip the hill on which each city-state was built		a competition in the first Olympic Games the walls built around the city-states