Name	Date	_ \(\)Flocabulary

Booker T. Washington

Dooker 1. Washington			
Today we're going to talk about Booker T. Washingtonir	n just a minute.		
Booker Taliaferro Washington was born enslaved in Virgi	nia in 1856. He and his family were		
at the end of the Ci	vil War, when he was 9. Washington attended the		
Hampton Institute, a school for formerly enslaved people, and returned there to teach after graduating. In			
1881, Washington cofounded and became the principal of	the Tuskegee Institute in Alabama, a role he would		
hold for the rest of his life.			
In the post-Reconstruction era,	_ laws perpetuated		
, and Black American	ns faced immense discrimination when it came to		
economic and social equality. Washington became a national figure in 1895 after delivering a speech in			
Atlanta that laid out his vision for progress. He thought Bl	lack people should be patient and accept the rules		
of segregation. In exchange, they could enjoy economic o	pportunities and gradually earn civil rights over		
time. He also emphasized the importance of industrial and	d agricultural training.		
Washington gained many supporters, both Black and Wh	nite, as well as		
notably W.E.B. Du Bois, who V	Vashington's philosophy directly in his writing and		
for full	immediately.		
How do you think Washington's life experiences influence	ed his philosophy on civil rights?		