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THE HARLEM RENAISSANCE



Part I: Writers of the Harlem Renaissance often confronted issues of race, politics and belonging in their works, even though their styles varied widely. Read the poems below, and circle three to five lines in each that stand out to you.

America	I, Too	
Although she feeds me bread of bitterness,	I, too, sing America.	
And sinks into my throat her tiger's tooth,		
Stealing my breath of life, I will confess	I am the darker brother.	
I love this cultured hell that tests my youth.	They send me to eat in the kitchen	
Her vigor flows like tides into my blood,	When company comes,	
Giving me strength erect against her hate,	But I laugh,	
Her bigness sweeps my being like a flood.	And eat well,	
Yet, as a rebel fronts a king in state,	And grow strong.	
I stand within her walls with not a shred		
Of terror, malice, not a word of jeer.	Tomorrow,	
Darkly I gaze into the days ahead,	I'll be at the table	
And see her might and granite wonders there,	When company comes.	
Beneath the touch of Time's unerring hand,	Nobody'll dare	
Like priceless treasures sinking in the sand.	Say to me,	
	"Eat in the kitchen,"	
– Claude McKay (1921)	Then.	
	Besides,	
	They'll see how beautiful I am	
	And be ashamed—	
	I, too, am America.	
	– Langston Hughes (1926)	

	Name Date
	Part II: Compare and contrast the poems on the previous page.
	How do the poems differ in style? What literary devices (figurative language, metaphor, simile, etc does each author use?
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2.	. What does each poem say about America? Why do you think this is?
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3.	In what ways are Hughes' and McKay's views on America similar? In what ways do they differ?
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