

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# How a Bill Becomes a Law - Answer Key

Read each question and circle the correct answer.

1. Who can propose an idea for a bill?

A. Elected officials

C. Lobbyists

B. Constituents

☒ D. All of the above

2. True or False: A bill can be introduced in either the House or the Senate.

☒ A. True

B. False

3. Both chambers of Congress are divided into \_\_\_\_\_ to handle legislative work more efficiently.

A. majorities

☒ C. committees

B. floors

D. lobbies

4. Which committee decides if a bill reaches the floor of the House of Representatives for a vote?

A. House Judiciary Committee

☒ C. House Rules Committee

B. House Ethics Committee

D. House Ways and Means Committee

5. A bill needs at least \_\_\_\_\_ votes to make it through the House of Representatives.

☒ A. 218

C. 51

B. 100

D. 435

6. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a tactic used to delay or prevent a decision in the Senate.

A. veto

C. committee

☒ B. filibuster

D. amendment

7. An addition or adjustment made to a bill is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

- ☒ A. amendment
- B. veto
- C. rule
- D. filibuster

8. A bill needs at least \_\_\_\_\_ votes to make it through the Senate.

- A. 218
- ☒ C. 51
- B. 100
- D. 435

9. When a bill makes it to the president, he or she can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. sign it into law
- B. veto it
- C. do nothing
- ☒ D. All of the above

10. What is required to override a presidential veto?

- A. A unanimous vote in both the House and Senate
- ☒ B. A two-thirds majority vote in both the House and Senate
- C. A unanimous vote in either the House or Senate
- D. A two-thirds majority vote in either the House or Senate