

Name _____

Date _____

Langston Hughes's "Harlem"

Read each question and circle the correct answer.

1. The Harlem Renaissance took place in the

A. 1910s.

C. 1950s.

B. 1920s.

D. 1970s.

2. True or False: Langston Hughes was able to support himself with his writing.

A. True

B. False

3. A dream that is "deferred" is

A. achieved.

C. given a lot of thought.

B. wanted very much.

D. put off for the future.

4. Language that has a meaning other than its literal definition is called

A. figurative.

C. deferred.

B. prepositional.

D. navigated.

5. Which literary device is used in the following sentence?

Jamie's cheeks were as red as two apples.

A. anaphora

C. simile

B. metaphor

D. alliteration

6. To which of these does Hughes compare "a dream deferred"?

A. an injured bird

C. an abandoned house

B. fresh bread

D. rotten meat

7. When Hughes compares “a dream deferred” to “a raisin in the sun,” he means the dream

- A. tastes extra sweet.
- B. has shriveled up.
- C. has health benefits.
- D. is inexpensive.

8. Which of the following quotations contains anaphora?

- A. “Give me liberty, or give me death!” (Patrick Henry)
- B. “The unexamined life is not worth living.” (Socrates)
- C. “There is in this world no such force as the force of a person determined to rise.” (WEB Du Bois)
- D. “The function of freedom is to free someone else.” (Toni Morrison)

9. True or False: “Harlem” gives one definitive explanation for what happens to a dream deferred.

- A. True
- B. False

10. In “Harlem,” Hughes’ speaker encourages readers to

- A. fulfill their dreams before it’s too late.
- B. forget about their dreams.
- C. be kind to their friends and family.
- D. not worry about money or power.