

Middle Ages: Africa - Answer Key

Read each question and circle the correct answer.

A. The bull

C. The ox

B. The camel

D. The elephant

2. King Mansa Musa ruled the {} Empire.

A. Byzantine

C. Songhai

B. Ghana

D. Mali

3. To which city did Mansa Musa make a pilgrimage in 1324?

A. Baghdad

C. Jerusalem

B. Beirut

D. Mecca

4. The *Catalan Atlas* showed Mansa Musa holding a(n) { }.

A. timber beam

C. salt block

B. ivory slab

D. gold nugget

5. The Middle Ages is generally associated with {}, though this was not the case for Africa.

A. instability

C. expansion

B. abundance

D. trade

6. Which was NOT a commonly traded good in Africa during the Middle Ages?

A. salt

C. gold

🗸 B. gunpowder

D. ivory

	B.	teachers	D.	traders	
8. True or False: Islam spread to both western and eastern regions of Africa.					
Ø		True False			
	Б.	i dise			
9.	9. What text helped bring literacy to Africa?				
	A.	The New Testament	C.	The Torah	
	B.	The Old Testament	D.	The Quran	
IO. Who established Islamic law in Africa?					
Ø	A.	The Songhais	C.	The Mali people	
	В.	The Ghanians	D.	The Swahili people	

7. Africans were initially exposed to Islam through contact with Arab $\{\}$.

A. kings

C. missionaries