Name	Date	Fiocabulary

Ruby Bridges

Today we're going to talk about Ruby Bridgesin just a mi	nute.	
In 1960, parts of the United States were	by race. This meant that Black	
people weren't allowed to use "Whites-only" water founta	ins and bathrooms. There were "Whites-only"	
restaurants and sections of buses. The	had ruled that schools	
could no longer be segregated, but many still were.		
In New Orleans, William Frantz Elementary School made	Black students pass a difficult test to get in. The	
test was hard on purpose to try to keep the school all-Wh	ite. But Ruby Bridges, a six-year-old Black girl,	
passed the test, and the school was forced to let her in. Sh	ie was one of the first Black children to attend an	
all-white public school in the South.		
On her first day, the president sent to	keep her safe. Outside the school, an angry	
yelled horrible things at her, but she held her he	ead high and walked bravely into the building.	
When Ruby arrived at her classroom, there were no other	students. All the white parents had pulled their	
children out of school because they didn't want them to le	earn alongside Black children. But her teacher was	
there, and she taught Ruby by herself for months. Slowly,	white students started to come back. By the next	
year, Ruby had both Black and white students in her class.	Ruby Bridges showed and	
as she fought	segregation and racism—a six-year-old hero in	
the fight for civil rights.		

How do you think Ruby Bridges felt walking into school on her first day?