

Name _____

Date _____

The Cold War - Vocab Cards

capitalism]>

a way of organizing an economy in which private individuals—and not the government—set prices and own resources and land.

There are different forms of _capitalism_, but private property and competitive pricing are central characteristics.

capitalism

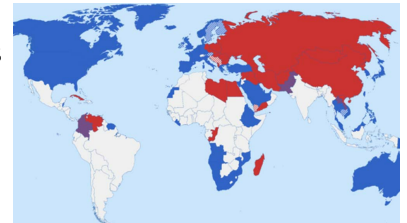
Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Draw this vocab word or an example of it:

Cold War]>

the period of political, ideological and economic rivalry that occurred after World War II between the former USSR and its communist allies and the United States and its democratic allies.

After World War II, the Soviet Union, China and their allies were involved in a political and ideological power struggle with the U.S. and its allies known as the _Cold War_.



Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Make a connection between this word and another word or idea:

communism]>

an economic and political system in which the government owns and controls all goods and means of production, and private property is eliminated.

Pedro argued that _communism_ could be good. He said if the government owned factories, farms and other means of production, the economy would be regulated and people would have steady jobs.



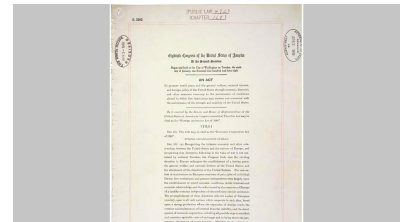
Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Make a connection between this word and another word or idea:

Marshall Plan]>

a 1948 economic recovery program the US instituted to help rebuild Western Europe following a harsh winter and economic chaos that increased support for communism.

The US helped rebuild Western Europe after a harsh winter as part of the _Marshall Plan_. The goal was to thwart any chance of growing interest in communism in the region.



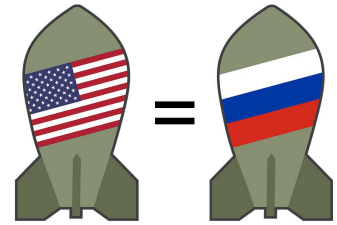
Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Draw this vocab word or an example of it:

mutually assured destruction]>

a Cold War-era military strategy that suggests if two countries each have nuclear weapons capable of destroying all life on Earth, direct conflict will likely be prevented.

Throughout the Cold War, _mutually assured destruction_ ensured that neither the US nor Soviet Union used nuclear weapons.



Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Draw this vocab word or an example of it:

NATO]>

the North Atlantic Treaty Organization; a military alliance between European and North American countries established during the Cold War.

NATO is a military alliance made up of North American and European countries that was founded during the Cold War.



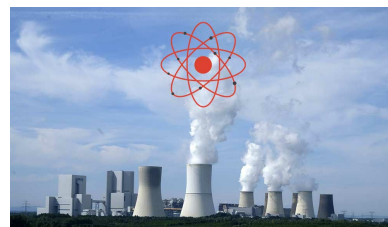
Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Draw this vocab word or an example of it:

nuclear]>

relating to energy created when the nuclei of atoms are split apart or joined together.

The whole city is powered by the _nuclear_ plant that generates electricity.



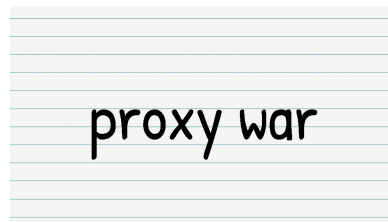
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Draw this vocab word or an example of it:

proxy war]>

a war in which more powerful countries instigate and support conflict in territories where they aren't actually fighting.

The US and USSR engaged in _proxy wars_ throughout the Cold War, supporting fighting in Vietnam, Korea, and Afghanistan.



Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Draw this vocab word or an example of it:

Red Scare]>

the promotion of fear of a potential rise of communism or radical leftism.

During the _Red Scare_, government officials believed communist spies were embedded in the United States.

Red Scare

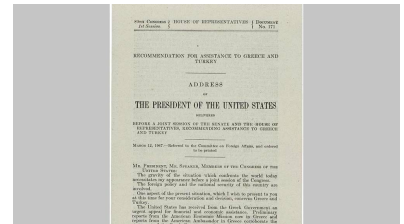
Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Make a connection between this word and another word or idea:

Truman Doctrine]>

a Cold War-era US foreign policy strategy established in 1947 that centered around providing economic and military aid to any country facing communist uprisings.

In 1947, the US instituted the _Truman Doctrine_, pledging economic and military aid to any country facing a communist uprising.



Use this word in a sentence or give an example to show you understand its meaning:

Draw this vocab word or an example of it: